

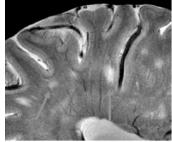
Multiscale Imaging in Cancer Research

Sarah E Bohndiek PhD 10/5/2016



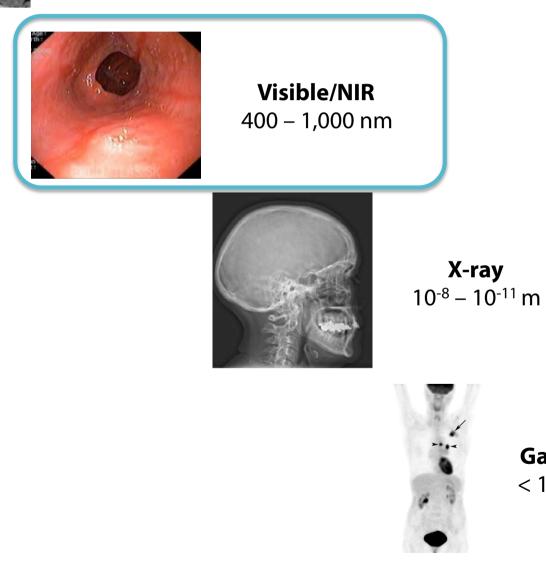






Radiowave

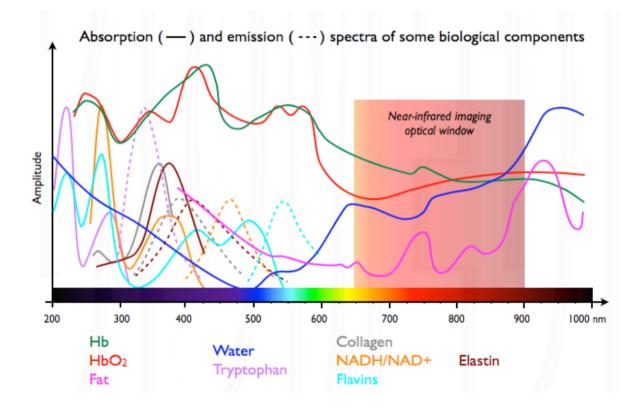
> 1 m



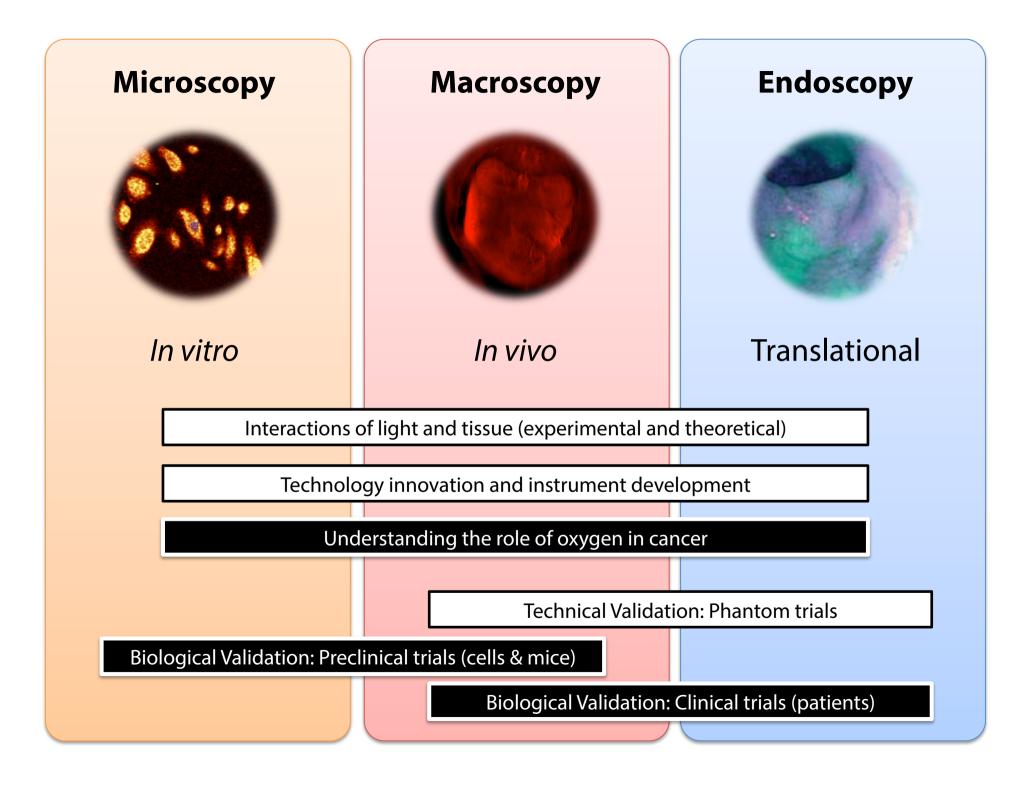
Gamma

< 10⁻¹¹ m

Optical imaging gives high intrinsic contrast for understanding cancer metabolism

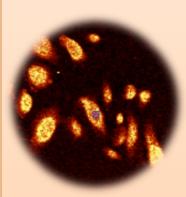


- Penetration depth is limited
- Current imaging techniques lack multiplexing

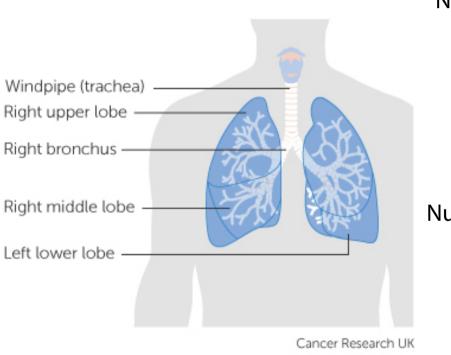


Lung cancer is a major cause of cancer death related to smoking

Microscopy



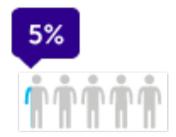
In vitro

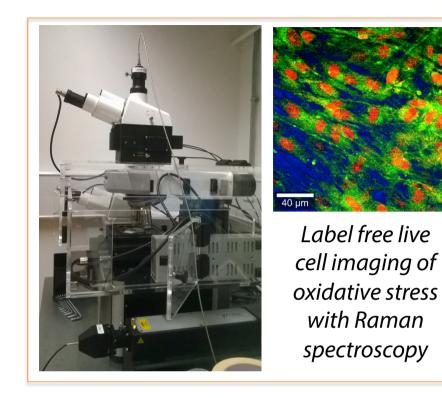


Number of new cases per year



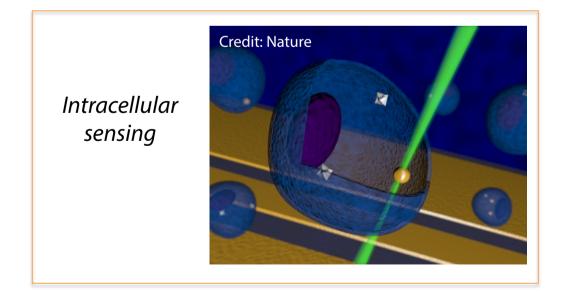
Number surviving after 10 years



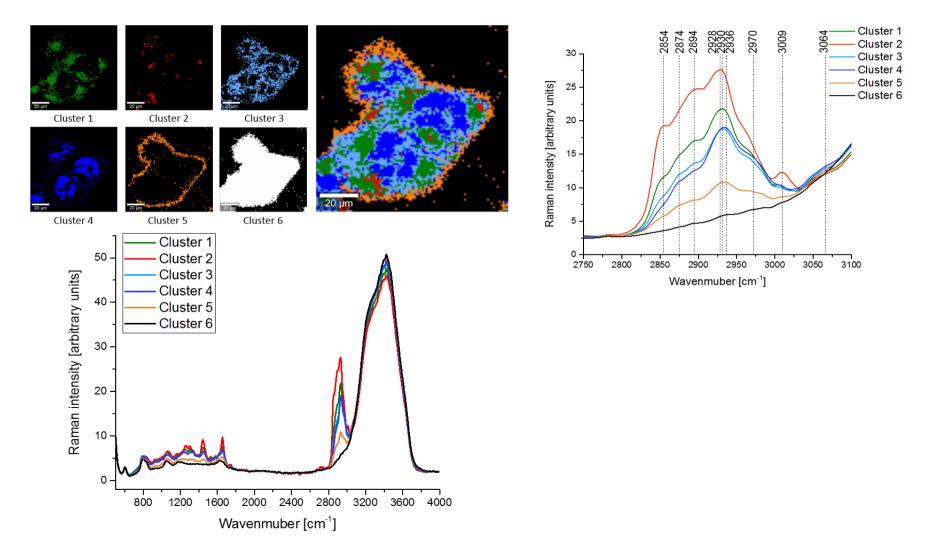


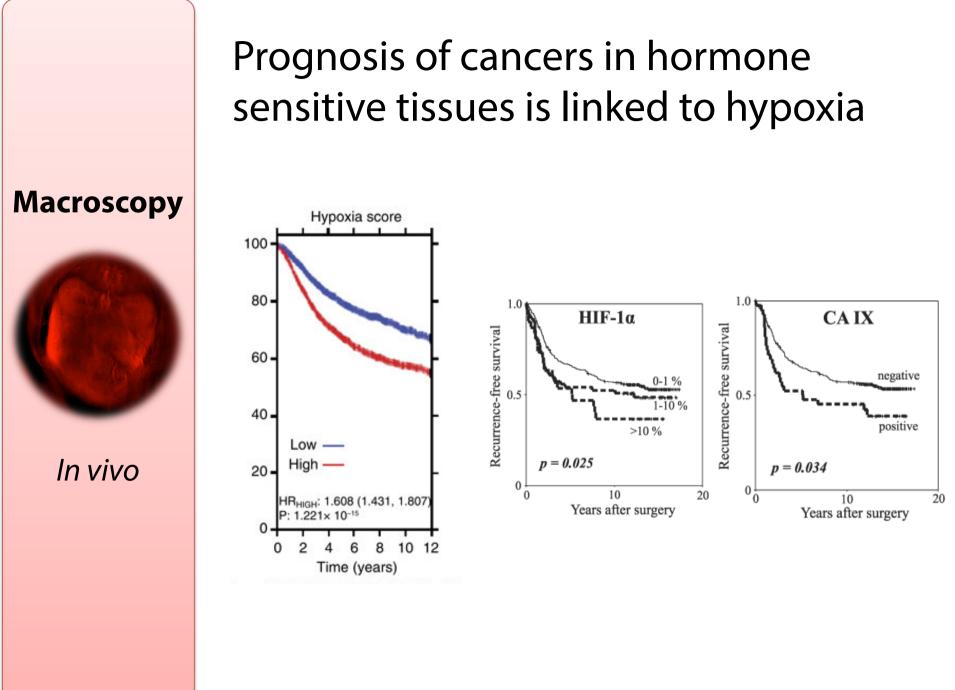
Collaboration with:

Prof. Bruce Ponder (Oncology) and Dr Robert Rintoul (Papworth)



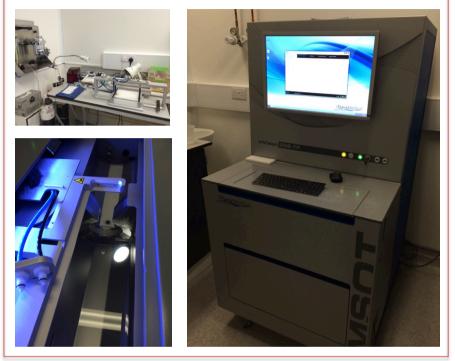
Raman spectroscopy enables spectral identification of cancer cells





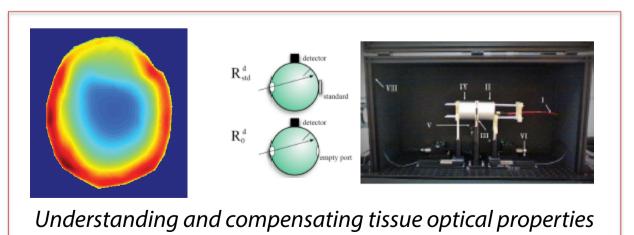
Van de Beucken *et al* (2014) *Nat Comm* **5** 5203; Lundgren *et al* (2007) *Cell Mol Life Sci* **64** 3233-3247.

Imaging blood oxygenation and tissue hypoxia with optoacoustic tomography

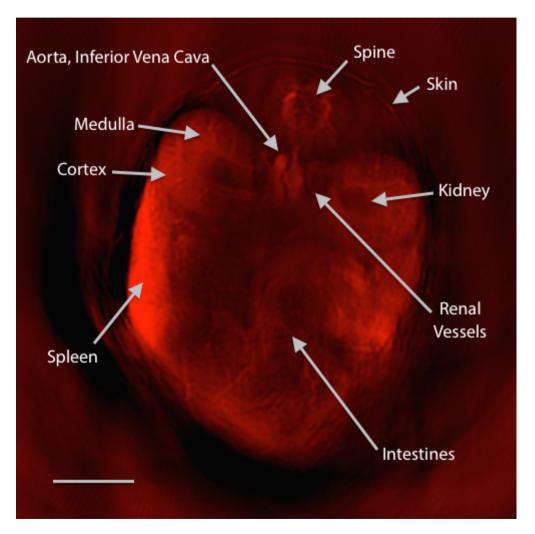


Collaboration with Dept of Radiology:

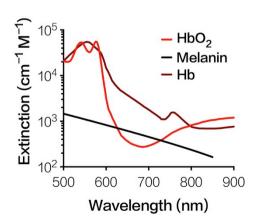
Prof. Fiona Gilbert and Dr Oshaani Abeyakoon



Optoacoustic tomography enables deep tissue imaging of optical absorption

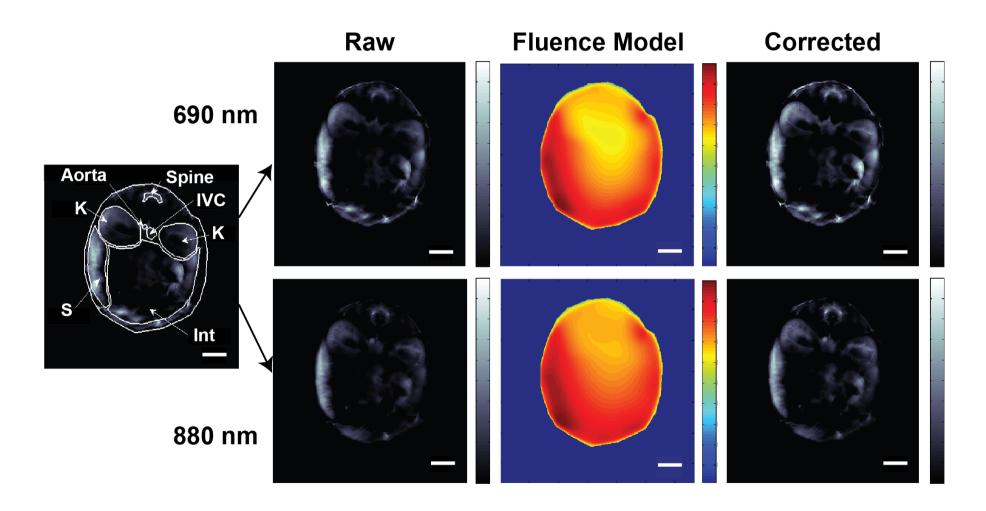


- Pulsed laser light excites tissue in NIR range
- Resulting ultrasound wave detected
- Increases penetration depth up to ~3 cm
- Spatial resolution ~ 150µm
- Temporal resolution ~ 10fps



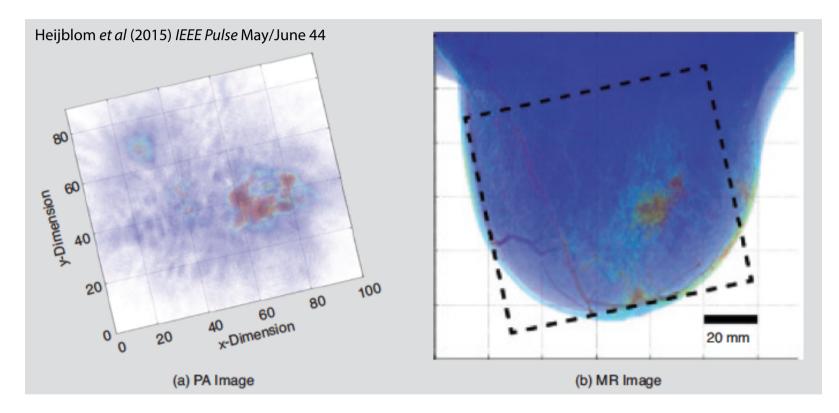
Oxyhaemoglobin weighted slice through the kidney. Scale 3 mm.

Applying light fluence corrections to *in vivo* improves the visibility of deep tissue structures



Brochu et al (2016) In revision; Joseph et al (2016) In submission.

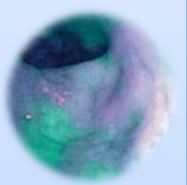
Clinical trials in breast cancer are underway worldwide and starting in Cambridge



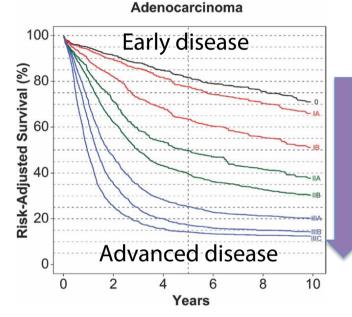
- Healthy volunteer study to confirm normal fluctuations in breast vascular density and oxygenation
- Breast cancer staging will assess prognostic potential compared to standard of care imaging

Barrett's patients undergo surveillance to improve early detection

Endoscopy

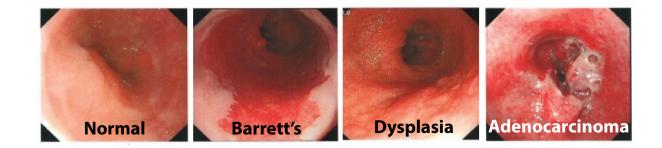


Translational

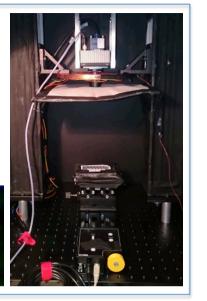


Standard of care:

- White Light Endoscopy
- Seattle Protocol Biopsy



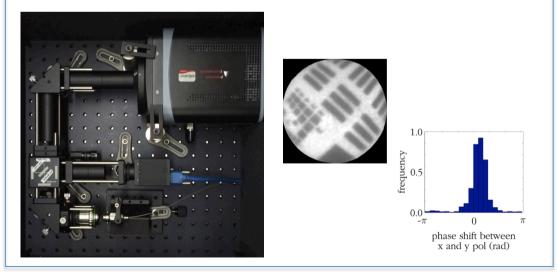
Hyperspectral imaging for multiplexed fluorescence detection



Collaboration with MRC Cancer Unit:

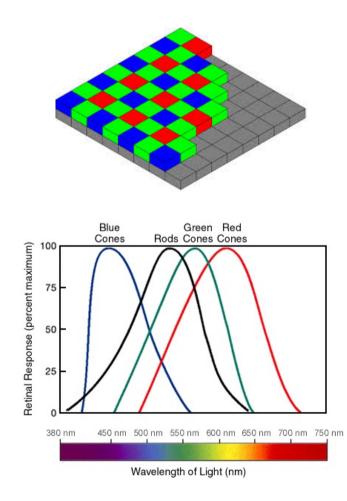
Prof. Rebecca Fitzgerald and Dr Massi di Pietro

Near infrared and coherent endoscopy for early cancer detection



The use of light in endoscopy measures only amplitude





Spectral imaging can resolve information from absorption and fluorescence emission

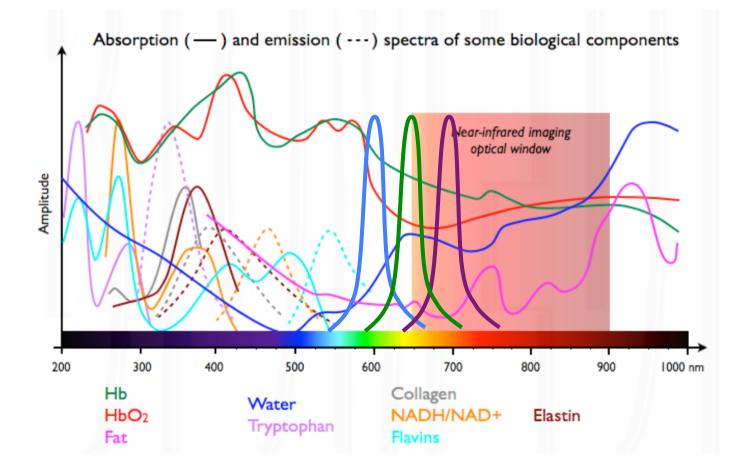
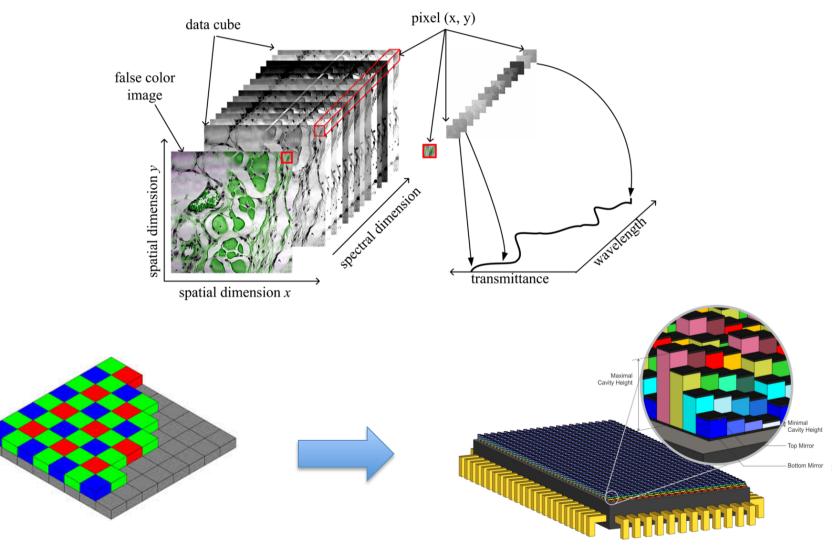
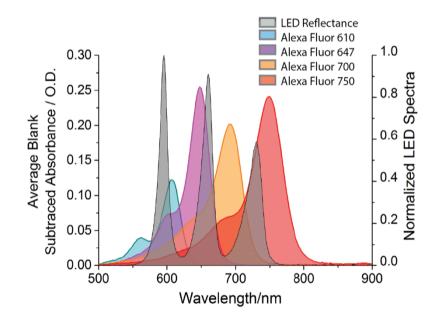


Image from C. Berger http://www.biomedima.org/en/links?modality=5&slide=362

Hyperspectral imaging combines both spatial and spectral information

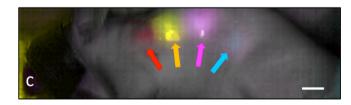


Initial data indicates that we can easily resolve at least four sources of fluorescence *in vivo*

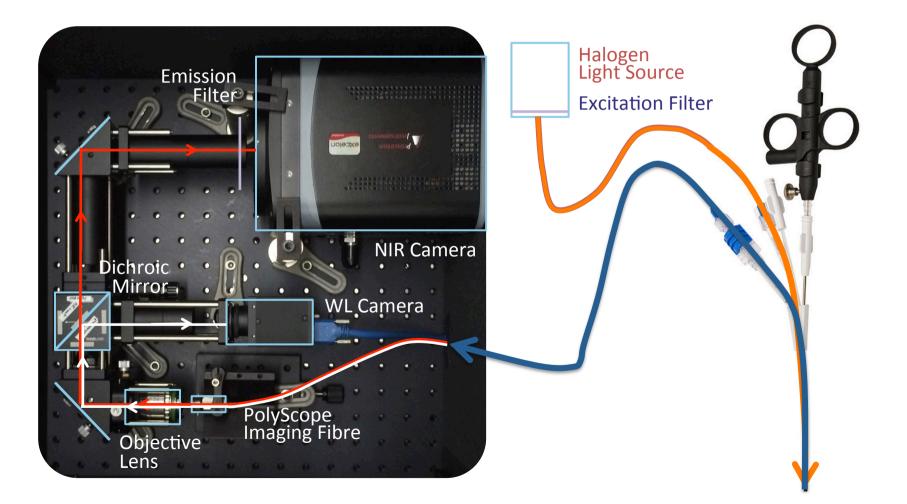


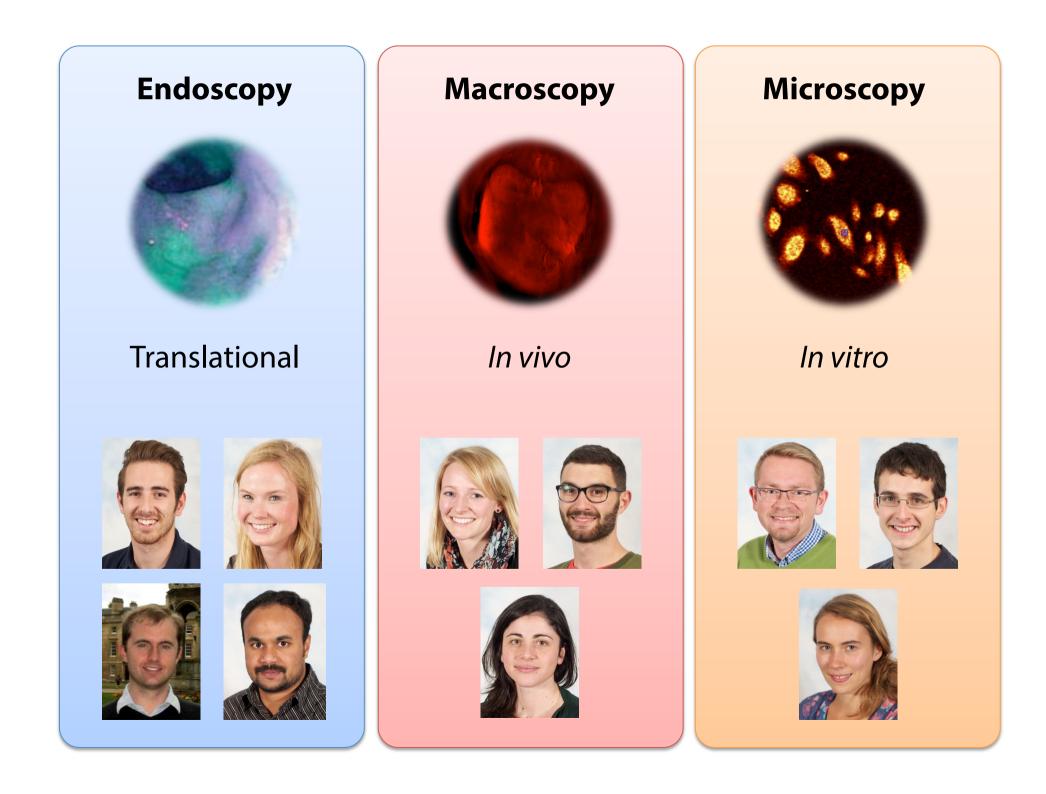






We are using a generic platform for testing novel endoscopic technologies





Acknowledgements

The Bohndiek Lab

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Prof. Kevin Brindle	Prof. Tim Wilkinson	<u> </u>
Dr Andre Neves	Dr George Gordon	

iThera Medical Stefan Morscher Christian Wiest



