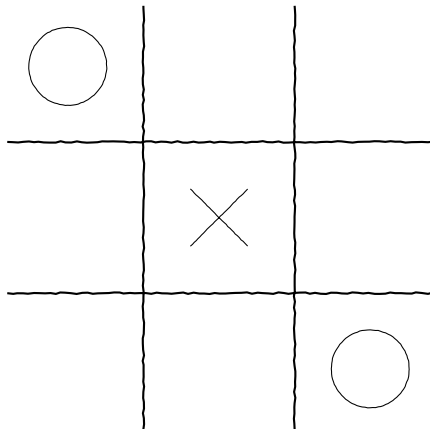


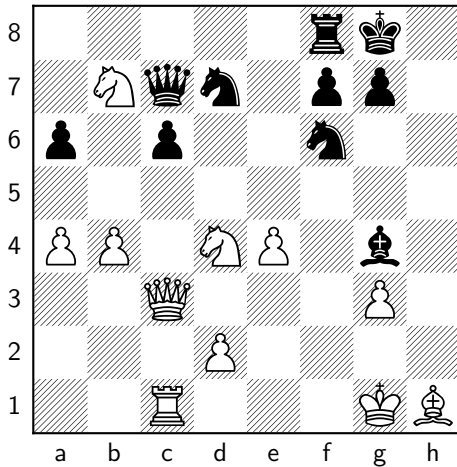
# Deep Blue chess algorithm

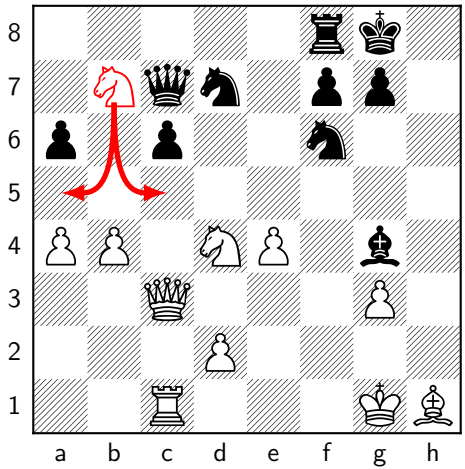
Murray Campbell, A. Joseph Hoane Jr.,  
Feng-Hsiung Hsu,  
*Deep Blue*  
Artificial Intelligence (2002) 57-83

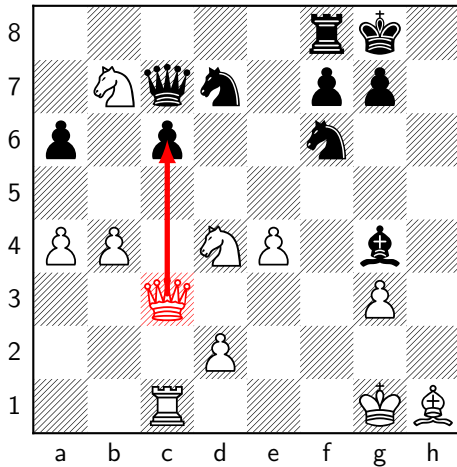


# Chess vs. Noughts and Crosses









# Evaluation Function

# Evaluation function

Define an evaluation function:

Estimation of the current state of the game: who is most likely to win.

Search through moves and pick the “best” one.

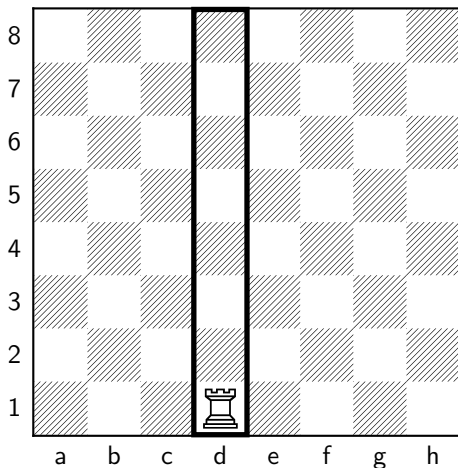


# Evaluation function

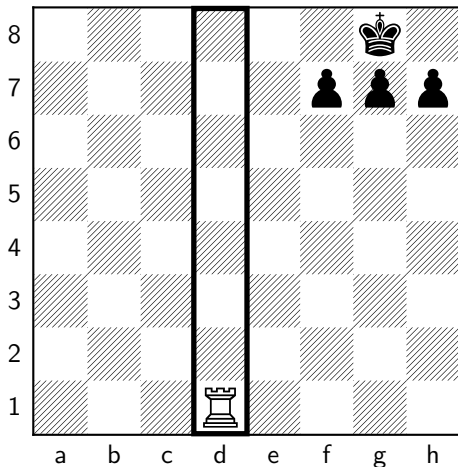
**Fast** Evaluate the total value of the pieces of each of the players, weighted by the squares they are on.

**Complete** Include additional positional features.

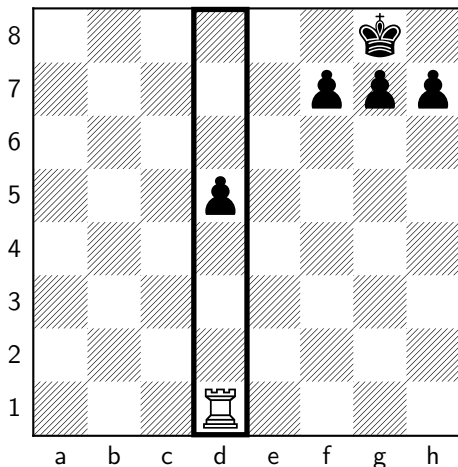
# Positional features: "Rooks on files"



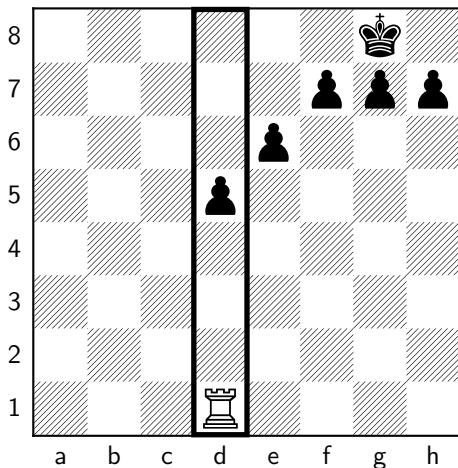
# Positional features: "Rooks on files"



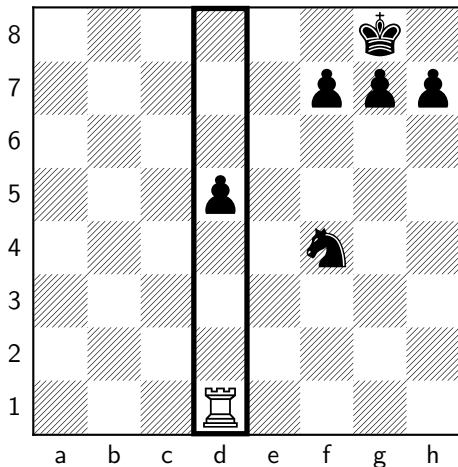
# Positional features: "Rooks on files"



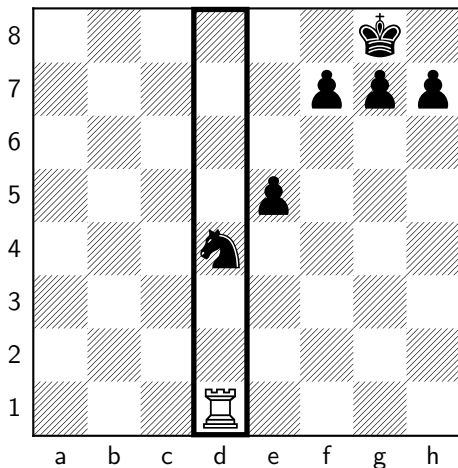
# Positional features: "Rooks on files"



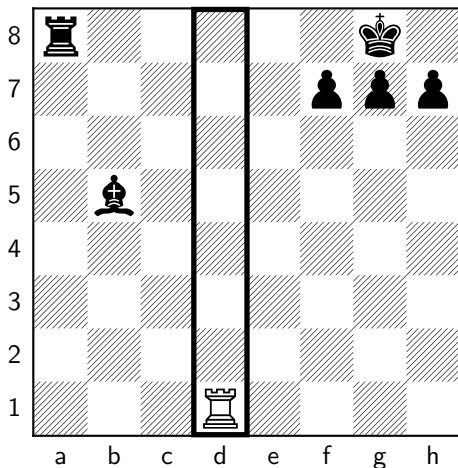
# Positional features: "Rooks on files"



# Positional features: "Rooks on files"

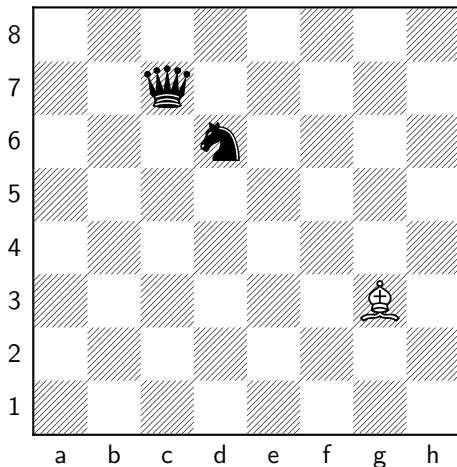


# Positional features: "Rooks on files"





# Positional features: "Pins"



# Evaluation function: Miscellaneous

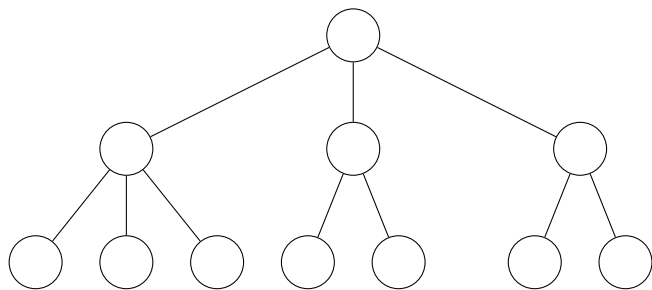
**Opening** Database of opening moves

**Endgame** Database of all positions with five or fewer pieces

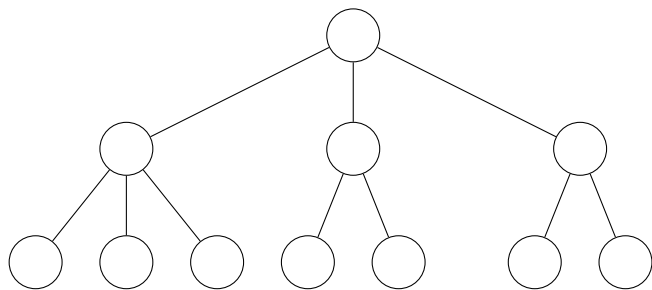
**Weights** Weights tuned by hand, with some optimisation in specific cases

# Searching Algorithm

# Minimax searching



# Minimax searching

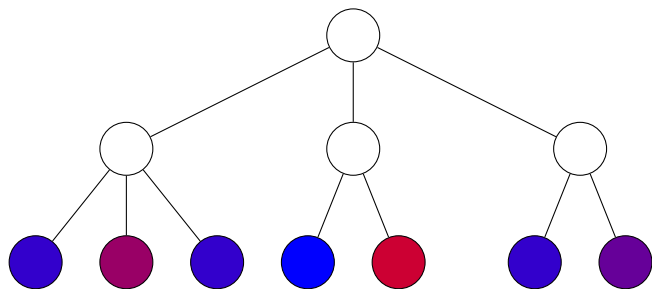


good position



bad position

# Minimax searching

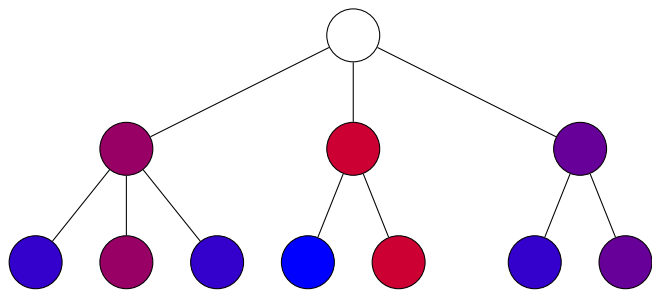


good position



bad position

# Minimax searching

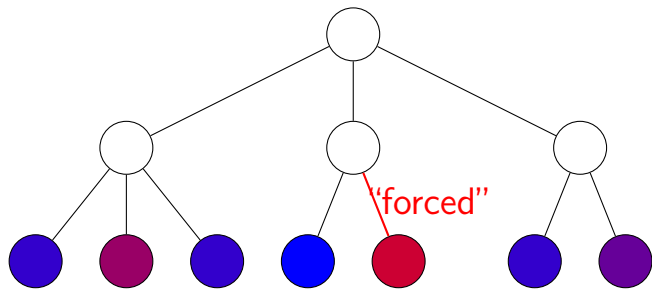


good position



bad position

# Improving on Minimax



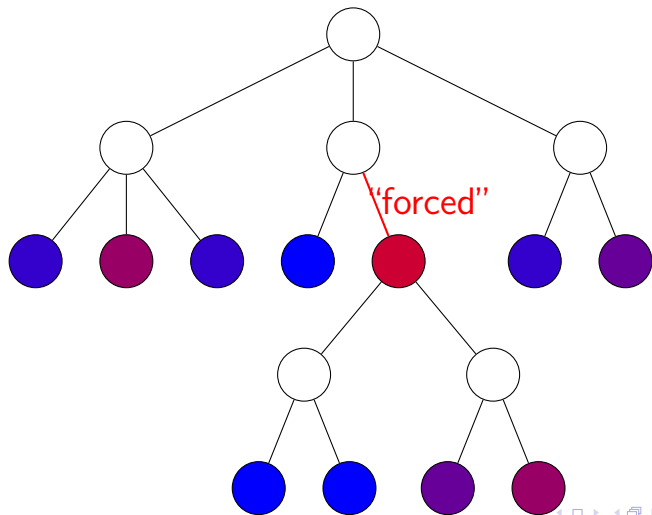
good position



bad position



# Improving on Minimax



good position



bad position

Thank you for listening!